

Họ, tên thí sinh: .....

Số báo danh: .....

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word that differs from the rest in the position of the main stress in each of the following questions.

Question 1: A. modern      B. machine      C. honest      D. village

Question 2: A. historic      B. effective      C. important      D. national

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions.

Question 3: To save energy, we should remember to \_\_\_\_\_ the lights before going out.

A. turn down      B. turn off      C. turn on      D. turn up

Question 4: Helen: "Shall I collect the tickets for the concert for you?"

Peter: "\_\_\_\_\_"

A. Make yourself at home.      B. It's kind of you to do so.  
C. Long time no see.      D. Nice to meet you!

Question 5: Dr. Fleming, \_\_\_\_\_ discovered penicillin, was awarded the Nobel Prize of Medicine in 1945.

A. which      B. that      C. who      D. whom

Question 6: I decided \_\_\_\_\_ the book you told me about some days ago.

A. buying      B. buy      C. to buying      D. to buy

Question 7: If I were you, I \_\_\_\_\_ for that intensive English course.

A. would apply      B. apply      C. will apply      D. applied

Question 8: Tom's sister is five years \_\_\_\_\_ than he is.

A. elder      B. the eldest      C. the oldest      D. older

Question 9: As soon as I saw the advertisement, I \_\_\_\_\_ the house agent.

A. have phoned      B. phoned      C. phone      D. had phoned

Question 10: Our flight from Bangkok to London was delayed \_\_\_\_\_ the storm.

A. since      B. because of      C. in spite of      D. because

Question 11: Jack: "\_\_\_\_\_"

Rose: "That's a good idea."

A. What about going to the cinema tonight?      B. Glad to see you.  
C. Sorry, I'm late.      D. Excuse me, where's the post office?

Question 12: Her newly-published book is \_\_\_\_\_ from the previous ones.

A. differently      B. differ      C. difference      D. different

Question 13: She was overjoyed because her article \_\_\_\_\_.

A. had published      B. had been published      C. has published      D. has been published

Question 14: The former Olympic \_\_\_\_\_ was invited to speak at a charity dinner.

A. trophy      B. victory      C. triumph      D. champion

Question 15: At present, the new director \_\_\_\_\_ to foster a culture of open communication within the company.

A. is trying      B. was trying      C. tried      D. tries

- Question 16:** There were ten athletes \_\_\_\_\_ in the final round.  
 A. sharing                      B. taking                      C. requiring                      D. competing
- Question 17:** She had no difficulty \_\_\_\_\_ at her new school.  
 A. to making friends      B. making friends      C. make friends      D. to make friends
- Question 18:** Susan is fond \_\_\_\_\_ reading comic books in her free time.  
 A. of                      B. for                      C. on                      D. at
- Question 19:** Mrs Black: "Thank you for your help!"  
 Tim: " \_\_\_\_\_"  
 A. Just for fun.      B. You're welcome.      C. How do you do?      D. The same to you!
- Question 20:** You \_\_\_\_\_ wash those apples. They have already been washed.  
 A. need                      B. must                      C. needn't                      D. mustn't
- Question 21:** I really enjoy being with my father. He has got a really good \_\_\_\_\_ of humour.  
 A. sense                      B. way                      C. mood                      D. feeling
- Question 22:** Many countries' cultural \_\_\_\_\_ is a result of taking in immigrants from all over the world.  
 A. diversify                      B. diversity                      C. diverse                      D. diversified
- Question 23:** I enjoy playing \_\_\_\_\_ at weekends.  
 A. a badminton                      B. the badminton                      C. one badminton                      D. badminton
- Question 24:** Tears contain an antiseptic that helps protect our eyes \_\_\_\_\_ infection.  
 A. on                      B. in                      C. with                      D. from
- Question 25:** Neil Armstrong is the first man \_\_\_\_\_ foot on the moon.  
 A. to set                      B. to be set                      C. setting                      D. set

*Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions.*

- Question 26:** Nowadays a large number of young people spend much time \_\_\_\_\_.  
 A. to surf the Internet                      B. with surfing the Internet  
 C. surf the Internet                      D. surfing the Internet
- Question 27:** It was not until he failed the final examination \_\_\_\_\_.  
 A. that he realised how important the revision was  
 B. when he realises how important the revision is  
 C. that he realises how important the revision is  
 D. when he realised how important the revision was

*Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word that is closest in meaning to the underlined word in each of the following questions.*

- Question 28:** I received housing benefit when I was unemployed.  
 A. out of work                      B. out of order                      C. out of date                      D. out of fashion
- Question 29:** The boy does not resemble his brother in any way.  
 A. look up                      B. take up                      C. take after                      D. look after

*Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from that of the rest in each of the following questions.*

- Question 30:** A. sure                      B. seen                      C. sun                      D. sort
- Question 31:** A. ussion                      B. industrial                      C. university                      D. understand
- Question 32:** A. complained                      B. borrowed                      C. conserved                      D. approached

**Read the following passage adapted from the Encyclopedia Britannica 2011 and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions from 33 to 37.**

The United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF), a special program of the United Nations, is devoted to aiding national efforts to improve the health, nutrition, education, and general welfare of children.

UNICEF was created in 1946 to provide relief to children in countries devastated by World War II. After 1950 the fund directed its efforts toward general programs for the improvement of children's welfare, particularly in less-developed countries and in various emergency situations. The organization's broader mission was reflected in the name it adopted in 1953, the United Nations Children's Fund. UNICEF was awarded the Nobel Prize for Peace in 1965. It is headquartered in New York City.

UNICEF has concentrated much of its effort in areas in which relatively small expenditures can have a significant impact on the lives of the most disadvantaged children such as the prevention and treatment of diseases. In keeping with this strategy, UNICEF supports immunization programs for childhood diseases and programs to prevent the spread of HIV/AIDS; it also provides funding for health services, educational facilities, and other welfare services. Since 1996 UNICEF programs have been guided by the Convention on the Rights of the Child (1989), which affirms the right of all children to "the enjoyment of the highest attainable standard of health and to facilities for the treatment of illness and rehabilitation of health". UNICEF's activities are financed by both government and private contributions.

**Question 33:** What was the objective of UNICEF when it was created in 1946?

- A. to win the Nobel Prize for Peace
- B. to help children in countries devastated by World War II
- C. to improve the health, nutrition, education of nations
- D. to devote to the general welfare of children all over the world

**Question 34:** When did UNICEF win the Nobel Prize for Peace?

- A. In 1946
- B. In 1950
- C. In 1953
- D. In 1965

**Question 35:** The underlined word "It" in paragraph two refers to \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. New York
- B. the United Nations
- C. the Nobel Peace Prize
- D. UNICEF

**Question 36:** Which of the following is NOT true according to the passage?

- A. UNICEF stands for the United Nations Children's Fund.
- B. UNICEF provides funding for health services and educational facilities.
- C. UNICEF has guided the Convention on the Rights of the Child.
- D. The headquarters of UNICEF is in New York City.

**Question 37:** UNICEF receives money from \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. national and international businesses
- B. governments and individuals
- C. the United Nations organisations
- D. international corporations

**Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to show the underlined part that needs correction in each of the following questions.**

**Question 38:** Driving on the left made my daughter very surprising when she first visited London.

A                      B                                      C                                      D

**Question 39:** I can't go out tonight because I have too many work to do.

A                                      B                                      C                                      D

**Question 40:** Before the 1920s, no women have voted in national elections in the US.

A                      B                      C                                      D

**Question 41:** Bella had better to change her study habits if she wants to be admitted to

A                                      B                                      C

a good college.

D

**Question 42:** We were told to plan everything very careful before the journey.

**A**

**B**

**C**

**D**

**Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that is closest in meaning to each of the following questions.**

**Question 43:** She started working as a teacher of English ten years ago.

- A.** She has worked with a teacher of English for ten years.
- B.** She has been working as a teacher of English for ten years.
- C.** She had worked with a teacher of English for ten years.
- D.** She had been working as a teacher of English for ten years.

**Question 44:** You won't have a seat unless you book in advance.

- A.** You won't have a seat if you don't book in advance.
- B.** You didn't have a seat because you didn't book in advance.
- C.** You will have a seat if you don't book in advance.
- D.** You can't have a seat although you book in advance.

**Question 45:** "Would you like to come to my birthday party, Mary?" said Mike.

- A.** Mike didn't know that Mary had come to his birthday party.
- B.** Mike was told to come to Mary's birthday party.
- C.** Mike invited Mary to come to his birthday party.
- D.** Mike asked Mary if she didn't like to come to his birthday party.

**Read the following passage adapted from the Encyclopedia Britannica 2010 and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct word for each of the blanks from 46 to 50.**

A person who tosses a can or a napkin on the ground is contributing to land pollution. This (46)\_\_\_\_\_ of pollution mainly involves the depositing on land of solid wastes that cannot be broken down quickly or, in some cases, at all. Heaps of trash are not only unpleasant to look at - they can (47)\_\_\_\_\_ interfere with the lives of plants and animals.

Land pollution also includes the build-up of (48)\_\_\_\_\_ chemicals on land. The use of pesticides in farming is a major source of this type of pollution. These chemicals are spread over fields to kill insects, weeds, fungi, or rodents that are a threat to crops. But pesticides harm or (49)\_\_\_\_\_ other living things too. When they drift with the wind or become absorbed (50)\_\_\_\_\_ fruits and vegetables, they can become a source of health problems such as cancer and birth defects.

**Question 46:** **A.** type                      **B.** train                      **C.** plan                      **D.** use

**Question 47:** **A.** such                      **B.** so                      **C.** also                      **D.** too

**Question 48:** **A.** poisoning                      **B.** poison                      **C.** poisonous                      **D.** poisonously

**Question 49:** **A.** make                      **B.** get                      **C.** kill                      **D.** help

**Question 50:** **A.** up                      **B.** on                      **C.** into                      **D.** of

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